

# INSTRUCTION MANUAL MT350 LOOP IMPEDANCE & PSC TESTER



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#### **1. SAFETY INFORMATION**

- Read the following safety information carefully before attempting to operate or service the meter.
- To avoid damages to the instrument do not apply the signals which exceed the maximum limits shown in the technical specifications tables.
- Do not use the meter or test leads if they look damaged. Use extreme caution when working around bare conductors or bus bars.
- Accidental contact with the conductor could result in electric shock.
- Use the meter only as specified in this manual; otherwise, the protection provided by the meter may be impaired.
- Read the operating instructions before use and follow all safety Information.

#### 2. SAFETY SYMBOLS



Caution refer to this manual before using the meter.



Dangerous Voltages.



This Meter is protected throughout by double insulation or reinforced insulation.

When servicing, use only specified replacement parts. CE Comply with EN-61010-1

#### **3. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

#### Link the test line

#### Check the wires state:

Before pushing the "test" button, check the status of the 3 following LEDs P-E - led light

P-N - led light

P=N - reverse led not light



If indicating light's status is not like this, don't test and check the wires again.

#### 3.1. Voltage test

When the tester is linked to the power, LCD will update the voltage (P-E) per second. If the voltage is unusual or not expected value, don't proceed with the test!



The tester only used in AC230V +10% -15% (50Hz).

#### 3.2. Loop test

Turn the tester to  $20\Omega$ ,  $200\Omega$  or  $2000\Omega$  range. Push the test button, LCD will display the value and unit, the tester will beep once after the test is over.

To measure the best value possible, turn the tester to the lower range were applicable. If the LCD flashes " $\[ \]$ ", disconnect the tester from power and ensure the tester cools down.

#### 3.3. Prospective short current test

Turn the tester to 200A, 2000A or 20kA range. Push the test button, LCD will display the value and unit, the tester will beep once after the test is over.

To measure the best value possible, turn the tester to the lower range were applicable. If the LCD flashes " $\[ \]$ ", disconnect the tester from power and ensure the tester cools down.

Function	Range
Lines test	3 LED indicates lines state. When reversed, the third LED lights up.
Over heat protect	When the temperature of the resister is high, the tester will cut and lock. LCD will display "Temperature is High" and flash the flag
Overload protect	When the volt of P-E is up to 250V, the tester will stop test to protect the tester and LCD will flash "250V"
Low Battery Indication	The flag "fl" is displayed when the battery voltage drop below the operating voltage.
Test mode	When you press the key "test", tester will display the result for 5's then display the voltage.
Operating Temperature	0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F) and Humidity below 80% RH
Storage Temperature	-10°C to 60°C (14°F to 140°F) and Humidity below 70% RH
Power source	6 x AA batteries
Dimensions	200 x 92 x 50mm
Weight	Approx 700g including battery.

#### 4. FEATURES

#### 5. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Accuracies are specified in the way:  $\pm$ (...% of reading +...digits) at 23°C  $\pm$  5°C, below 80% RH.

#### 5.1. LOOP RESISTANCE

Range	Resolution	Test Time	Full Scale Accuracy
20Ω	0.01Ω	25A/20ms	±(2% of F.S ± 5d)
200Ω	0.1Ω	2.3A/20ms	±(2% of F.S ± 5%)
2000Ω	1Ω	15mA/20ms	±(2% of F.S ± 5d)

#### 5.2. PROSPECTIVE SHORT CURRENT

Range	Resolution	Test Time	Full Scale Accuracy
200A	0.1A	2.3A/20ms	±(2% of F.S ± 5d)
2KA	1A	25A/20ms	±(2% of F.S ± 5d)
20KA	10A	25A/20ms	±(2% of F.S ± 5d)

#### 5.3. AC VOLTAGE (50HZ)

Range	Full Scale Accuracy		
50~255V	±(2% of F.S ± 5d)		

#### 6. PARTS & CONTROLS 1. Digital Display

- 4. P-N REVERSE Light 7. POWER Jack

- 2. Backlight Button 5. Test Button
- 8. Pothook

3. P-E, P-N, Lights

6. Rotary Function switch 9. Battery Cover



# 7. MEASUREMENT OF LOOP IMPEDANCE AND PROSPECTIVE SHORT CURRENT

If there is a RCD or fuse in the circuit, they must be bridged out prior to testing the loop impedance.



According to IEC 60364, every loop should meet the formula:  $\ensuremath{\textbf{Ra}}{\leq} 50/\ensuremath{\textbf{s}}{a}$  are loop impedance

50: max of touch voltage

Ia: the current than can make the protection device break down the circuit in 5 seconds.

When protection device is **RCD**, **Ia** is rated residual current **IΔn**.

IΔn	10	30	100	300	500	1000	mA
Ia(50v)	5000	1667	500	167	100	50	Ω
Ia(25v)	2500	833	250	83	50	25	Ω

According to IEC 60364, every loop should meet the formula:  $Zs \le Uo/Ia$ When protection device is **FUSE**, Uo=230V, Ia and Zs max:

Rated	Break time (	(5s)	Break time (0.4s)	
Current	Ia(A)	Zs(Ω)	Ia(A)	Zs(Ω)
6	28	8.2	47	4.9
10	46	5	82	2.8
16	65	3.6	110	2.1
20	85	2.7	147	1.56
25	110	2.1	183	1.25
32	150	1.53	275	0.83
40	190	1.21	320	0.72
50	250	0.92	470	0.49
63	320	0.71	550	0.42
80	425	0.54	840	0.27
100	580	0.39	1020	0.22

Prospective short current must be bigger than Ia.

#### 8. BATTERY REPLACEMENT

- 1. When the low battery symbol """ appears on the LCD, the six AA batteries must be replaced.
- 2. Turn the meter off and remove the test leads.
- 3. Unsnap the tilt stand from the rear of the meter.
- 4. Remove the four Phillips head screws holding the battery cover.
- 5. Remove the battery compartment cover.
- 6. Replace the batteries observing polarity.
- 7. Affix the rear cover and secure the screws.
- 8. Reattach the tilt stand.

#### 9. BATTERY INSTRUCTION

If the meter will not be in use for a long period of time, remove the batteries immediately. Batteries have the potential to leak acid, this acid is harmful and can cause corrosion inside the meter.



# MAJOR TECH (PTY) LTD

# South Africa

## Australia



🔀 sales@major-tech.com 🛛 🖾 info@majortech.com.au

